

PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM ANNUAL REPORT

2017

Name of the Public Water System: Swan River Public Water System

Name of the Legal Owner: Town of Swan River

Contact Person: Derek Poole,
Superintendent of
Public Works

Phone: (204) 734-4586

Email: sup@townsr.ca

Website: www.swanrivermanitoba.ca

Water System's Emergency Number: (204) 734-8963 (Town Foreman)
(204) 734-0186 (WTP Operator)

Name of Operator: Jordan Rooks
Paul Klein

Phone During Business Hours: (204) 734-4628 WTP
7:30 a.m.- 4:30 p.m. (204) 734-0186 Cell

Emergency Numbers: (204) 734-0186

Date Prepared:



Derek Poole
Superintendent of Public Works
Town of Swan River

Table of Contents

| | |
|---|---|
| Introduction:..... | 3 |
| 1. Description of the Water System:..... | 3 |
| 1.1 Water Supply Source..... | 3 |
| 1.2 Water Treatment Process..... | 3 |
| 1.3 Distribution System..... | 4 |
| 1.4 Storage Reservoirs..... | |
| 1st Reservoir: Capacity (220,000 gallons)..... | 4 |
| 2nd Reservoir: Capacity (415,000 gallons)..... | 4 |
| Clearwell: Capacity (70,000 gallons)..... | 4 |
| 1.5 Number of Connections, Population served:..... | 4 |
| 1.6 Classification and Certification:..... | 4 |
| 2. Disinfection System in Use..... | 4 |
| 2.1 Type of Disinfection System Used..... | 4 |
| 2.2 Equipment Redundancy and Monitoring Requirements.. | 5 |
| 2.3 Disinfection Residual Overall Performance/Results. | 5 |
| 3. List of Water Quality Standards..... | 5 |
| 4. Water System Failures and Corrective Actions..... | 6 |
| 5. Additional Records Required..... | 6 |
| 6. Drinking Water Safety Orders on Your System and Actions Taken in Response..... | 6 |
| 7. Boil Water Advisories Issued and Actions Taken in Response..... | 6 |
| 8. Warnings Issued or Charges Laid on the System in Accordance with the Drinking Water Safety Act..... | 6 |
| 9. Major Expenses Incurred..... | 6 |
| 10. Future System Expansion and/or Increased Production.... | 6 |

Introduction:

The 2017 Annual Report for the Town of Swan River summarizes the Water Utility's ability to produce safe potable water and meet provincial regulations.

1. Description of the Water System:

The Town of Swan River Public Water System provides potable drinking water to a population of 3964 residents (2016 Census). Treated water produced from the water treatment plant meets all health and aesthetic objectives as stated in the Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality.

1.1 Water Supply Source:

The Town of Swan River Water Treatment Plant (WTP) receives groundwater from three wells located in the northeast corner of Swan River, 40 meters south of the Swan River. The three wells draw groundwater from an underground aquifer. Wells #1 and #2 were drilled in 1974 while Well #3 was drilled in 2001. All three wells were drilled to a depth of approximately 95 feet. Raw water is pumped 800 m from the wells to the WTP in a 250 mm HDPE pipeline.

As water flows through the ground it dissolves metals and minerals. In the case of the aquifer, the water has come into contact with iron, manganese, and calcium carbonate (hardness causing mineral). These three items do not pose health concerns they only affect the aesthetic water quality parameters.

1.2 Water Treatment Process:

Iron and manganese are metals that cause laundry and plumbing fixture staining problems. In addition, these materials can build up in the distribution pipes and cause reduced flow. Calcium carbonate causes hardness in water which diminishes the ability of the water to react with soap and form lather. Hardness also forms scale deposits in kettles and hot water tanks which can reduce the life expectancy of these appliances.

The current water treatment process is designed to remove iron and manganese down to acceptable levels. With regards to hardness, people have individual preferences about the amount of hardness they desire in their water. Individual homeowners who desire softer water may install softeners to achieve this.

The Swan River water treatment process utilizes a detention chamber and consists of 6 manganese greensand filters. Following greensand filtration, the water flows through a UV light as a preliminary treatment of bacterial contaminants. From there chlorination and fluoridation occurs. Treated water is then stored in the underground reservoirs, one north of the plant, one west of the plant, and also a clearwell within the plant.

1.3 Distribution System:

Treated water from the 2 reservoirs and clearwell is pumped throughout the Swan River distribution system via three electric pumps and 1 diesel standby pump. Pump #1 is a 25hp – 5 stage pump, Pump #2 is a 30hp variable frequency drive (VFD) pump and Pump #3 is a 25hp – 3 stage pump. Pump #2 runs 24 hrs a day, 7 days a week, 365 days per year. Pumps 1 & 3 run when pump 2 cannot keep up with demand. The standby pump runs only during power outages. There are 40 km of water main pipe, ranging in size from 4”-10”.

1.4 Storage Reservoirs

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Name: Reservoir #1 | Capacity: 220,000 gal 1000 m ³ |
| Name: Reservoir #2 | Capacity: 415,000 gal 1886 m ³ |
| Name: Clear well | Capacity: 70,000 gal 318 m ³ |

Total Capacity of 705,000 gal 3200 m³

1.5 Number of Connections, Population Served:

The Swan River distribution system is comprised of 1625 service connections, 214 hydrants. All service connections are metered.

1.6 Classification and Certification:

- Class 2 Water Treatment Facility Classification
- Class 2 Water Distribution System
- Certification level of operators:
 - Jordan Rooks, Class 2 Operator in charge
 - Paul Klein, Class 2 Relief Operator
 - Matt Leslie, Class 2 Relief Operator

2. Disinfection System in Use:

The final step in the treatment of safe water is disinfection. Disinfection is the selective destruction or inactivation of potential disease causing organisms in water. As per the Drinking Water Safety Act the Swan River PWS must ensure that a disinfectant residual of at least:

- 0.5 mg of free chlorine per litre of water is detectable at the point where water enters the distribution system, after a minimum contact time of 20 minutes.
- 0.1 mg of free chlorine per litre of water is detectable at all times at any point in the distribution network.

2.1 Type of Disinfection System Used:

The Swan River WTP disinfects using an ultraviolet light treatment and the addition of gaseous chlorine to water via a chlorinator injection system.

2.2 Equipment Redundancy and Monitoring Requirements:

As required by the Drinking Water Safety Act the Swan River PWS ensures continuous disinfection is maintained at the plant by keeping in stock all spare parts required for the chlorinator.

Disinfection residuals are monitored daily at the water treatment plant and periodically in the distribution system and recorded on the appropriate monitoring forms. Monthly chlorination report forms are sent to the regional Drinking Water Officer at the end of each month.

2.3 Disinfectant Residual Overall Performance/Results:

For 2017, the Swan River Public Water System has met all regulatory requirements in regard to monitoring and reporting disinfection residuals leaving the water treatment plant and in the distribution system.

3. List of Water Quality Standards:

The Province of Manitoba has adopted a number of water quality standards from the Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality, developed by Health Canada. The parameters are health-based and they express the maximum acceptable concentration for a groundwater supply source. Concentration values in excess constitute a health-related issue and require corrective actions. The 2017 results for the Swan River Public Water System are summarized in the following table:

| Source | Parameter | Standard | Frequency | Test Results |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Groundwater | TC & EC* | No TC or EC | Bi-weekly | 100% passed |
| | Disinfectant | WTP (>0.5 mg/L) | Daily | 100% compliance |
| | | Distribution (>0.1 mg/L) | Periodically | 100% compliance |
| | Lead | 0.01 mg/l | Every 3 years | <0.00009mg/L |
| | Arsenic | 0.01 mg/l | | 0.0004mg/L |
| | Benzene | 0.005 mg/l | | <0.0005 |
| | Fluoride | 1.5 mg/l | | 0.69 mg/L |
| | Nitrate | as nitrate: 45 mg/l | | 0.029 mg/L |
| | | | | |

Bacterial Testing: The Town of Swan River is required by Manitoba Environment, to provide water samples every two weeks. The annual minimum total of samples required is 78. For the year of 2017 the Town of Swan River submitted 92 samples.

Summary of Bacterial Testing for 2017:

| | |
|--|------|
| Total # of submitted samples for 2017 | 92 |
| Total negative tests | 92 |
| Percentage of negative tests | 100% |
| Total positive test results on initial samples | 0 |
| Percentage of positive test results in initial samples | 0% |
| Percentage of positive test on repeat samples | 0% |

4. Water System Failures and Corrective Actions:

In 2017, 3 water breaks occurred and were immediately repaired.

5. Additional Records Required:

As part of Manitoba Health's fluoridation program, water samples are collected on a daily basis from the clear well and tested on site. Daily fluoride results are recorded and a 14 day composite sample is submitted bi-weekly for analysis. The Swan River PWS strives to maintain a .70 mg/L fluoride level. The operating range for fluoride, as identified by Manitoba Health, is 0.50 – .90 mg/L.

6. Drinking Water Safety Orders on Your System and Actions Taken in Response:

In 2017, No Drinking Water Safety Orders were issued for the Swan River Public Water System.

7. Boil Water Advisories Issued and Actions Taken in Response:

In 2017 no Boil Water Advisories were issued for the Swan River Public Water System.

8. Warnings Issued or Charges Laid on the System in Accordance with The Drinking Water Safety Act:

No warnings were issued or charges laid on the system in accordance with The Drinking Water Safety Act.

9. Major Expenses Incurred:

3 water breaks - \$16,542.70